

**NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE
CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD
CONNECTICUT/RHODE ISLAND**

POND SEALING OR LINING

BENTONITE TREATMENT

(No.)

CODE 521C

DEFINITION

A liner for a pond or waste impoundment consisting of a compacted soil-bentonite mixture.

PURPOSE

To reduce seepage losses from ponds or waste impoundments for water conservation and environmental protection.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies where:

- Soils are suitable for treatment with bentonite.
- Ponds or waste impoundments require treatment to reduce seepage rates and to impede the migration of contaminants to within acceptable limits.

CRITERIA

General Criteria Applicable To All Purposes

Bentonite treated soil liners shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations.

Lined structures shall have been constructed to meet all applicable NRCS standards.

Bentonite treated soil liners shall be filter compatible with the natural foundation materials on which they are compacted according to Chapter 26, Part 633 of the National Engineering Handbook.

The minimum thickness of the finished compacted liner shall be 12 inches.

The bentonite shall be a sodium bentonite with a free swell of at least 22 milliliters as measured by ASTM Standard Test Method D5890, unless laboratory tests using other bentonite types are used for design.

When laboratory permeability tests are required to determine application rates, the tests shall be performed using bentonite of the same quality and fineness as that proposed for use.

For protection against bentonite dust, personnel on site during bentonite application and mixing shall wear mask and goggles.

Criteria Applicable To Waste Impoundments

Design. Design of the bentonite treated soil liners for waste impoundments shall be in accordance with National Engineering Handbook Series, Part 651, Agricultural Waste Management Field Handbook, Chapter 10, Appendix 10D and/or state regulatory requirements. The permeability of the designed liner shall be 1×10^{-6} cm/sec or slower.

Liner Protection. The liner shall be protected against desiccation cracking, the effects of water surface fluctuations, wave action, surface erosion, erosion from pipe inlets, agitation equipment, animals, or items installed through the liner. Protective measures shall be designed into the system to protect the liner for these cases. At least 6 inches of compacted soil cover or a concrete lining shall be placed over the soil-bentonite liner.

Criteria Applicable To Ponds

Application Rate. For ponds, in the absence of laboratory tests or field performance data on soils similar to those to be treated, the minimum application of finely ground bentonite per 1-inch thickness of constructed liner shall be:

Pervious Soil Description	Application rate (lb/ft ²)
Silts (ML, CL-ML)	0.375
Silty Sands (SM, SC-SM, SP-SM)	0.5
Clean Sands (SP, SW)	0.625

Liner Thickness. In the absence of more detailed testing and analyses, liner thickness shall be according to the following table:

Water Depth (feet)	Liner Thickness (inches)
8 or less	12
8.1 – 16	15
16.1 – 24	18
24.1 - 30	24

CONSIDERATIONS

Flattening the slopes of ponds or waste impoundments to facilitate compactive efforts during construction should be considered. The stair-step method of construction as outlined in Appendix 10D may be considered in lieu of slope flattening.

A protective compacted soil cover should be considered for protecting the soil-bentonite liner for ponds.

Consider using a flexible membrane liner for sites that have water depths greater than 24 feet.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Plans and specifications for bentonite treated soil liners for ponds and waste impoundments shall be in keeping with this standard and shall describe the requirements for applying the practice to achieve its intended purpose. Plans and specifications shall include such drawings, specifications, material requirements, quantities, construction requirements, equipment requirements, and other documents as are necessary to describe the work to be done. To the extent practical, specifications shall conform to NRCS National Engineering Handbook (NEH) Parts 642 and 643 (formerly NEH-20).

AS BUILT DRAWINGS

As built drawings shall be prepared showing all pertinent elements, thicknesses, application rates, and elevations as actually installed. A copy of the as built data and drawings shall be provided to the owner/operator, regulatory agencies, and participating organizations upon construction completion.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Maintenance activities required for this practice consist of those operations necessary to prevent damaging the treated soil liner. This includes, but is not limited to, excluding animals and equipment from the treated area, protection of the liner during initial filling, agitation, or pumping operations, and repair of disturbed or eroded areas.